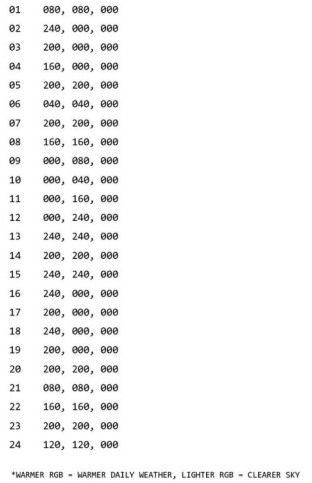


Fig.181 Screenshot of weather data gathered during a summer month spent in the alps. There I shift between lower and higher altitudes corresponding to higher and lower temperatures. If I make it down to the flat land, I can experience extreme heat but if the following day I go hiking up on the mountain top, it can be freezing cold.

WEATHER 01

I keep track of the weather using a scale of RGB values. Every morning I use one of these values to label the weather of the previous day. The scale consists of 6 temperature zones characterized by 6 colors, respectively red, yellow, green, cyan, blue and purple. To these colors, 6 further variations going from a pure color to a gradually darker one are provided to map the weather conditions. For example, an autumn sunny day in Canada could be represented by a fully bright green which corresponds to the RGB value 000,240,000. A rainy autumn day following the clear and sunny day where the temperature keeps, however in the same range, is represented by a darker green 000,080,000. If in the following day I fly out to Porto Rico and the weather there is really hot but a bit cloudy I am likely to use a slightly dark red represented by the RGB value 200,000,000. This scenario however is very unlikely since early on in my project I decided to avoid traveling long distances, especially with airplanes. In the first place I just don’t like the idea of traveling in a vehicle. I rather walk and if I could I would walk everywhere and be nomadic. Secondly I just find all these accelerating technologies bad for nature. And when I am obliged to drive I make frequent stops and take walk out in the nature.